

So the motion to recommit was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 271, nays 157, not voting 6, as follows:

[Roll No. 189]

YEAS—271

Aderholt	Ehlers	Latham
Akin	Emerson	LaTourette
Bachus	English	Leach
Baker	Everett	Lewis (CA)
Ballenger	Feeney	Lewis (KY)
Barrett (SC)	Ferguson	Linder
Bartlett (MD)	Flake	Lipinski
Barton (TX)	Fletcher	LoBiondo
Bass	Foley	Lucas (KY)
Beauprez	Forbes	Lucas (OK)
Bell	Fossella	Maloney
Bereuter	Franks (AZ)	Manzullo
Berry	Frelinghuysen	Marshall
Biggart	Frost	Matheson
Bilirakis	Galleghy	McCarthy (NY)
Bishop (UT)	Garrett (NJ)	McCotter
Blackburn	Gerlach	McCrery
Boehlert	Gibbons	McHugh
Boehner	Gilchrest	McInnis
Bonilla	Gillmor	McIntyre
Bonner	Gingrey	McKeon
Bono	Gonzalez	Mica
Boozman	Goode	Miller (FL)
Boswell	Goodlatte	Miller (MI)
Boyd	Goss	Moore
Bradley (NH)	Granger	Moran (KS)
Brady (TX)	Green (TX)	Murphy
Brown (TX)	Green (WI)	Musgrave
Brown-Waite,	Greenwood	Myrick
Ginny	Hall	Neal (MA)
Burgess	Harman	Nethercutt
Burns	Harris	Ney
Burr	Hart	Northup
Burton (IN)	Hastings (WA)	Norwood
Buyer	Hayes	Nunes
Calvert	Hayworth	Nussle
Camp	Hefley	Osborne
Cannon	Hensarling	Ose
Cantor	Herger	Otter
Capito	Hill	Oxley
Cardoza	Hobson	Paul
Carson (IN)	Hoekstra	Pearce
Carson (OK)	Holden	Pence
Carter	Holt	Peterson (MN)
Castle	Hooley (OR)	Peterson (PA)
Chabot	Hostettler	Petri
Chocola	Houghton	Pickering
Coble	Hulshof	Pitts
Cole	Hunter	Platts
Collins	Hyde	Pombo
Combest	Isakson	Pomeroy
Costello	Israel	Porter
Cox	Issa	Portman
Cramer	Istook	Price (NC)
Crane	Janklow	Pryce (OH)
Crenshaw	Jenkins	Putnam
Crowley	John	Quinn
Cubin	Johnson (CT)	Radanovich
Culberson	Johnson (IL)	Ramstad
Cunningham	Johnson, Sam	Regula
Davis, Jo Ann	Jones (NC)	Rehberg
Davis, Tom	Keller	Renzi
Deal (GA)	Kelly	Reynolds
DeLay	Kennedy (MN)	Rogers (AL)
DeMint	Kind	Rogers (KY)
Diaz-Balart, L.	King (IA)	Rogers (MI)
Diaz-Balart, M.	King (NY)	Rohrabacher
Dooley (CA)	Kingston	Ros-Lehtinen
Doolittle	Kirk	Ross
Dreier	Kline	Royce
Duncan	Knollenberg	Ruppersberger
Dunn	Kolbe	Ryan (WI)
Edwards	LaHood	Ryun (KS)

Sabo	Snyder
Sandlin	Souder
Saxton	Stearns
Scott (GA)	Stenholm
Sensenbrenner	Sullivan
Sessions	Sweeney
Shadegg	Tancred
Shaw	Tanner
Shays	Tauscher
Sherwood	Tauzin
Shimkus	Taylor (MS)
Shuster	Taylor (NC)
Simmons	Terry
Simpson	Thomas
Skelton	Thornberry
Smith (MI)	Tiahrt
Smith (NJ)	Tiberi
Smith (TX)	Toomey

Turner (OH)
Turner (TX)
Upton
Vitter
Walden (OR)
Walsh
Wamp
Weldon (FL)
Weldon (PA)
Weller
Whitfield
Wicker
Wilson (NM)
Wilson (SC)
Wolf
Wu
Young (AK)

NAYS—157

Abercrombie	Gutierrez
Ackerman	Gutknecht
Alexander	Hastings (FL)
Allen	Hinchey
Andrews	Hinojosa
Baca	Hoeffel
Baird	Honda
Baldwin	Hoyer
Ballance	Inslee
Becerra	Jackson (IL)
Berkley	Jackson-Lee
Berman	(TX)
Bishop (GA)	Jefferson
Bishop (NY)	Johnson, E. B.
Blumenauer	Jones (OH)
Boucher	Kanjorski
Brady (PA)	Kaptur
Brown (OH)	Kennedy (RI)
Brown, Corrine	Kildee
Capps	Kilpatrick
Capuano	Klecza
Carr	Kucinich
Case	Lampson
Clay	Langevin
Clyburn	Lantos
Conyers	Larsen (WA)
Cooper	Larson (CT)
Cummings	Lee
Davis (AL)	Levin
Davis (CA)	Lewis (GA)
Davis (FL)	Lofgren
Davis (IL)	Lowey
Davis (TN)	Lynch
DeFazio	Majette
DeGette	Markey
Delahunt	Matsui
DeLauro	McCarthy (MO)
Deutsch	McCollum
Dicks	McDermott
Dingell	McGovern
Doggett	McNulty
Doyle	Meehan
Emanuel	Meek (FL)
Engel	Meeks (NY)
Eshoo	Menendez
Etheridge	Michaud
Evans	Millender
Farr	McDonald
Fattah	Miller (NC)
Filner	Miller, George
Ford	Mollohan
Frank (MA)	Moran (VA)
Gordon	Murtha
Grijalva	Nadler

NOT VOTING—6

Blunt	Graves	Schrock
Gephardt	Miller, Gary	Young (FL)

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. QUINN) (during the vote). Members are advised that less than 2 minutes remain in this vote.

□ 1619

Mr. WYNN changed his vote from "yea" to "nay."

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

CONCERNING PARTICIPATION OF TAIWAN IN THE WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION

Mr. ROHRBACHER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on International Relations be discharged from further consideration of the Senate bill (S. 243) concerning participation of Taiwan in the World Health Organization, and ask for its immediate consideration in the House.

The Clerk read the title of the Senate bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California?

There was no objection.

The Clerk read the Senate bill, as follows:

S. 243

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. CONCERNING THE PARTICIPATION OF TAIWAN IN THE WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION (WHO).

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings:

(1) Good health is important to every citizen of the world and access to the highest standards of health information and services is necessary to improve the public health.

(2) Direct and unobstructed participation in international health cooperation forums and programs is beneficial to all parts of the world, especially with today's greater potential for the cross-border spread of various infectious diseases such as the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), tuberculosis, and malaria.

(3) Taiwan's population of 23,500,000 people is greater than that of three-fourths of the member states already in the World Health Organization (WHO).

(4) Taiwan's achievements in the field of health are substantial, including one of the highest life expectancy levels in Asia, maternal and infant mortality rates comparable to those of western countries, the eradication of such infectious diseases as cholera, smallpox, and the plague, and the first to eradicate polio and provide children with hepatitis B vaccinations.

(5) The United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and its Taiwan counterpart agencies have enjoyed close collaboration on a wide range of public health issues.

(6) In recent years Taiwan has expressed a willingness to assist financially and technically in international aid and health activities supported by the WHO.

(7) On January 14, 2001, an earthquake, registering between 7.6 and 7.9 on the Richter scale, struck El Salvador. In response, the Taiwanese government sent 2 rescue teams, consisting of 90 individuals specializing in firefighting, medicine, and civil engineering. The Taiwanese Ministry of Foreign Affairs also donated \$200,000 in relief aid to the Salvadoran Government.

(8) The World Health Assembly has allowed observers to participate in the activities of the organization, including the Palestine Liberation Organization in 1974, the Order of Malta, and the Holy See in the early 1950s.

(9) The United States, in the 1994 Taiwan Policy Review, declared its intention to support Taiwan's participation in appropriate international organizations.

(10) Public Law 106-137 required the Secretary of State to submit a report to the Congress on efforts by the executive branch to support Taiwan's participation in international organizations, in particular the WHO.

(11) In light of all benefits that Taiwan's participation in the WHO can bring to the state of health not only in Taiwan, but also regionally and globally, Taiwan and its 23,500,000 people should have appropriate and meaningful participation in the WHO.

(12) On May 11, 2001, President Bush stated in his letter to Senator Murkowski that the United States 'should find opportunities for Taiwan's voice to be heard in international organizations in order to make a contribution, even if membership is not possible', further stating that his Administration 'has focused on finding concrete ways for Taiwan to benefit and contribute to the WHO'.

(13) In his speech made in the World Medical Association on May 14, 2002, Secretary of Health and Human Services Tommy Thompson announced 'America's work for a healthy world cuts across political lines. That is why my government supports Taiwan's efforts to gain observership status at the World Health Assembly. We know this is a controversial issue, but we do not shrink from taking a public stance on it. The people of Taiwan deserve the same level of public health as citizens of every nation on earth, and we support them in their efforts to achieve it'.

(14) The Government of the Republic of China on Taiwan, in response to an appeal from the United Nations and the United States for resources to control the spread of HIV/AIDS, donated \$1,000,000 to the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria in December 2002.

(b) PLAN.—The Secretary of State is authorized—

(1) to initiate a United States plan to endorse and obtain observer status for Taiwan at the annual week-long summit of the World Health Assembly in May 2003 in Geneva, Switzerland; and

(2) to instruct the United States delegation to Geneva to implement that plan.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 14 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit a report to Congress in unclassified form describing the action taken under subsection (b).

The Senate bill was ordered to be read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

A message in writing from the President of the United States was communicated to the House by Ms. Wanda Evans, one of his secretaries.

REPORT ON NATIONAL EMERGENCY WITH RESPECT TO IRAN—MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES (H. DOC. NO. 108-71)

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Ms. GINNY BROWN-WAITE of Florida) laid before the House the following message from the President of the United States; which was read and, together with the accompanying papers, without objection, referred to the Committee on International Relations and ordered to be printed:

To the Congress of the United States:

Consistent with section 401(c) of the National Emergencies Act, 50 U.S.C. 1641(c), and section 204(c) of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act, 50 U.S.C. 1703(c), I transmit herewith a 6-month periodic report pre-

pared by my Administration on the national emergency with respect to Iran that was declared in Executive order 12170 of November 14, 1979.

GEORGE W. BUSH.

The White House, May 14, 2003.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Mr. Monahan, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate has agreed to the following resolution:

S. RES. 142

Whereas Russell B. Long served in the United States Navy from 1942 to 1945;

Whereas Russell B. Long succeeded both his parents as members of the United States Senate;

Whereas Russell B. Long served the people of Louisiana with distinction for 38 years in the United States Senate;

Whereas Russell B. Long served as Chairman of the Committee on Finance of the United States Senate from 1965 to 1981; and

Whereas Russell B. Long was a tireless and effective champion for the poor, the disabled, and the elderly; Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate has heard with profound sorrow and deep regret the announcement of the death of the Honorable Russell B. Long, former member of the United States Senate.

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Senate communicate these resolutions to the House of Representatives and transmit an enrolled copy thereof to the family of the deceased.

Resolved, That when the Senate adjourns today, it stand adjourned as a further mark of respect to the memory of the Honorable Russell B. Long.

The message also announced that, pursuant to sections 276d-276g of title 22, United States Code, as amended, the Chair, on behalf of the Vice President, appoints the following Senator as a member of the Senate Delegation to the Canada-United States Interparliamentary Group during the First Session of the One Hundred Eighth Congress, to be held in Canada, May 15-19, 2003: The Senator from Ohio (Mr. VOINOVICH).

SAUDI AMBASSADOR TO APPEAR ON "HARDBALL" TONIGHT

(Mr. BURTON of Indiana asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. BURTON of Indiana. Madam Speaker, tonight on the program "Hardball" on MSNBC, Chris Matthews, who is a very expert interviewer, will be interviewing Prince Bandar, who is the Saudi Ambassador to the United States of America. I hope tonight Chris will ask him some of these questions that are very, very important that need to be answered for the American people. Here are a few of them:

Why were 15 of the 19 hijackers that attacked us on 9/11 from Saudi Arabia?

Why does the Saudi Government provide financial aid to families of suicide bombers?

Why does the Saudi Government support Wahabi clerics and institutions

that preach hate and call for suicide attacks against Christians and Jews? They are teaching these children in their schools with the help of the Saudi Government on a daily basis.

According to a Royal Canadian Mounted Police report, through phony charities, huge sums of Saudi money are sent to terrorists; \$1- to \$2 million a month went to al Qaeda.

Why did the Saudi Embassy provide travel documents to Maha Marri, the wife of a terrorism suspect, and her five children so they could escape the United States even though a grand jury had demanded testimony from that lady and the FBI had confiscated her passport? They helped her leave the country.

And why was Prince Bandar's wife, Princess Haifa, providing \$130,000 to a Saudi woman in Virginia, who in turn gave some of this money to a family who gave shelter to two of the September 11 hijackers?

And how is it that 19 al Qaeda operatives who battled the Saudi police in a gunfight just days ago escaped?

These are things that must be answered. Tonight Chris Matthews has the opportunity to put it right to the Saudi Ambassador. I hope he will do that.

UNBORN VICTIMS OF VIOLENCE ACT

(Mr. RYUN of Kansas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. RYUN of Kansas. Madam Speaker, expecting a baby should be a joyous time, but tragically some mothers and their preborn children are being attacked. Often the express purpose is to kill the baby. To make matters worse, the preborn child is not protected under Federal law.

Most of my colleagues know the story of Laci and Conner Peterson. Laci and her preborn son, Conner, were both killed in California last December. Conner was then in the 8th month of development. Twenty-six States have fetal homicide laws. California is one of them. Unthinkably, had this attack occurred on Federal property or in a State without a fetal homicide law, prosecutors would not have been able to press charges for the murder of little Conner.

While this Chamber has considered the Unborn Victims of Violence Act before, a Federal provision to protect both victims has yet to be enacted. We must change this inconsistency in our law.

At the request of Laci and Conner's family, the Unborn Victims of Violence Act is now appropriately called Laci and Conner's Law. Now is the time to act. Support Laci and Conner's Law.

SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 7, 2003, and under a previous order